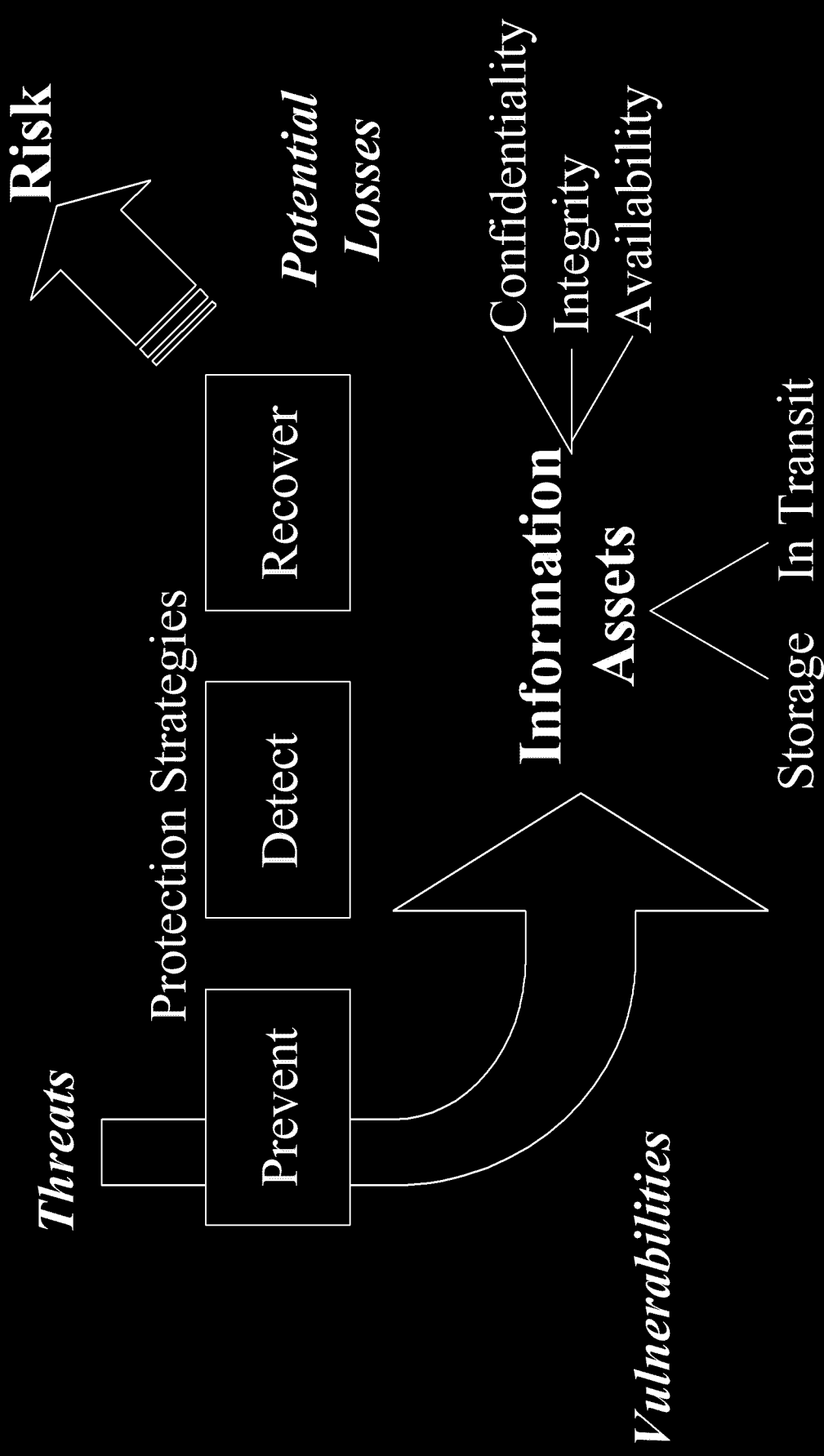# Information Security in a Wireless World

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13. ABSTRACT *(Maximum 200 Words)*

A briefing that touches on the basic security strategy, emerging technologies, critical information infrastructure elements and emerging security needs as it relates to wireless information security.

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Information Security in a Wireless World

- Basic Security Strategy
- Emerging Technologies
- Critical Information Infrastructure Elements
- Emerging Security Needs

The Lingo

Risk

Potential Losses

Confidentiality
Integrity
Availability

Protection Strategies

Prevent	Detect	Recover

Threats

Information Assets

Storage   In Transit

Vulnerabilities

Security Services

- Confidentiality
- Integrity
- Authentication
- Access Control
- Non-Repudiation

Emerging Technologies

All new information technologies that have impact on critical national infrastructures will have security needs -- which must be addressed from the start.

- Wireless communications
- Intelligent/mobile agents
- Embedded & ubiquitous computing
- Component-based systems
- Next ???

Critical National Infrastructures

- Banking
- Transportation
- Oil & Gas Distribution
- Electric Power Distribution
- Emergency & Protective Services
- Information & Communications
- Government Services

Critical *Information* Infrastructure Elements

- Internet Backbone
- Internet Domain Name Service
- Public Key Infrastructure(s)
- Underlying Communications Technology

Emerging Security Needs

- Formal security criteria
- Advanced testing methodologies
- High confidence, high availability systems
- Advanced authentication
- Advanced, high-speed cryptography
- Complex system composition/analysis
- Configurable/maintainable systems
- Intrusion Detection
- Audit & threat monitoring

# Critical Infrastructure Protection Focus Areas

- Security Technology
- Systems Survivability
- High Assurance Systems
- Application of Domain-Specific Expertise
- Security for Federal Systems

Security Technology

- Advanced Cryptography
- Public Key Infrastructure
- Common Criteria (CC)
- National Information Assurance Partnership (NIAP)

Specification-Based T/E
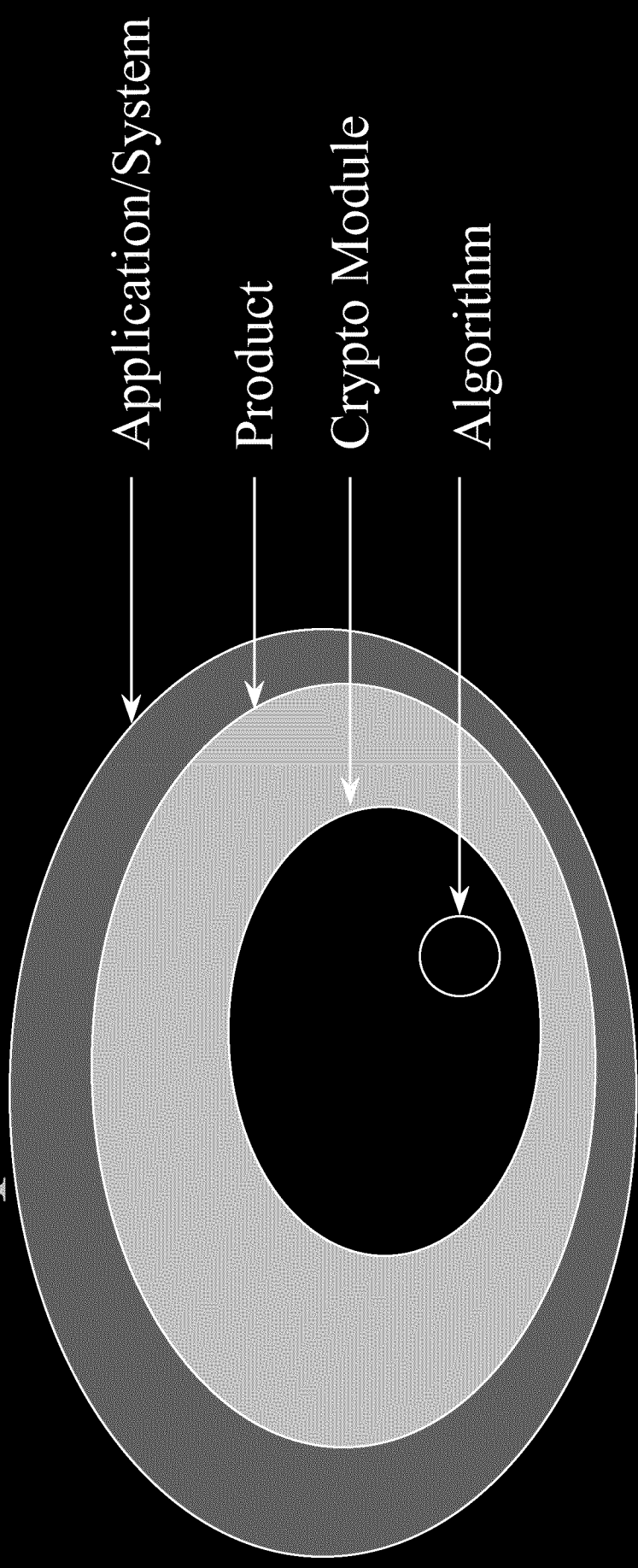
Level	Example	Specification
Application/System	Air Traffic Control	CC, GSSP, ...
Product	Firewall , OS	Common Criteria (CC)
Security Module	Crypto Module	FIPS 140-1
Algorithm	DES	FIPS 46-2

Diagram labels (outer to inner): Application/System → Product → Crypto Module → Algorithm

System Survivability

- Extend *intrusion detection & response technology* to large-scale, high criticality systems & networks

- Metrics, test methods, & remote testing techniques for *assessing system survivability*

- *Best practices* for designing and deploying survivable systems

- Security framework for "security" *mobile agents*

High Assurance Systems

- Legacy system evaluation
- High assurance security engineering
  - Transfer system engineering technology from NASA, NRC, FAA safety critical systems
  - Develop new technical methods & approaches
  - Automated testing techniques
  - Professional certification
  - Fault tolerance/redundancy

Security for Domain-Specific Operational Support Systems

- Manufacturing supervisory control & data acquisition (SCADA) systems (MEL)

- Cybernetic building management systems (BFRL)

Security for Federal Systems
"Lead by Example"

- Identify, apply "Best Practices"
  - Training & awareness guides
- Develop standards, reference implementations, & security and interoperability testbeds
  - Criteria, tests, & accreditation requirements for system security administrators
- Agency Assistance
  - Protecting their critical infrastructures
  - Using advanced security technology

Security Technology
for Critical Infrastructure Systems

- Applying existing technology
- Extending domain expertise
- Building *security* infrastructures
- High assurance systems engineering
- Meeting emerging needs
- Government-Industry partnership

NIST Computer Security Program:
From Algorithms to Critical Infrastructures

- Basic Technologies
- Program Strategy
- IT Security Standards
- Program Structure
- Program Elements

Basic Information Security Technologies

- Cryptography
  - Privacy encryption
  - Digital Signatures
- Authentication
- Access Control
- High Assurance Systems Engineering
- Test and Evaluation
- Audit, Threat Monitoring, Intrusion Detection
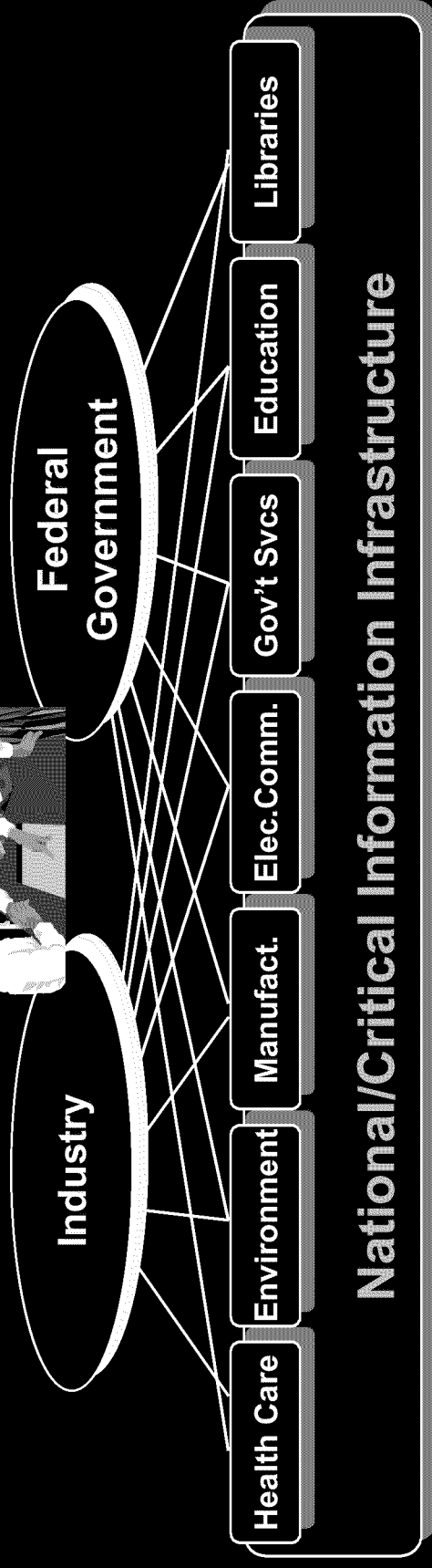
NIST Security Program Strategy

- ## Collaboration with Industry
  - Work with industry to develop specifications and conformance tests for secure, trustworthy, interoperable products and systems

- ## Primary Focus on Specification-Based Testing
  - Validate conformance of commercial products to FIPS
  - Common Criteria
  - National Information Assurance Partnership

- ## Act as "honest broker"

- ## Technology Transfer

- ## Balance Computer Security Act, PDD63, and "Traditional" NIST/ITL Roles
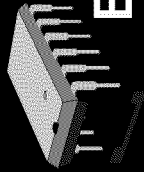
NIST IT Security Standards

— a record of partnership with Industry

- Data Encryption (DES) - FIPS 46-2, ANSI
- Message Authentication (MAC) - ANSI, FIPS 113
- Cryptographic Module Security Requirements - FIPS 140
- Key Management - ANSI X9.17, FIPS 171
- Digital Signature and Hash (DSA/SHA) - FIPS 186, 180-1
- Entity Authentication (FIPS 196) - IETF
- Cryptographic API's (Draft FIPS) - X/OPEN
- Posix - FIPS, IEEE, ISO
- Minimum Interoperability Specification for PKI Components (MISPC) - NIST SP, IETF

NIST Computer Security Program

Customers

Industry

Federal Government

Health Care | Environment | Manufact. | Elec.Comm. | Gov't Svcs | Education | Libraries

National/Critical Information Infrastructure

Program Focus Areas

Enabling Technology

- Cryptographic Technology and Applications
- Key Recovery
- Secure Internet Protocols

Enabling Infrastructure

- Public Key Infrastructure
- Criteria and Assurance
- Internetworking Security
- Security Management

Cryptographic Technology and Applications

- Commercial Cryptographic Standards
  - Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)
  - FIPS to allow RSA & EC technology
  - Conformance Tests for ANSI RSA & ECDSA
- Crypto-Module Validation Program (FIPS 140-1)
- ANSI Random Number Generation (co-editor)

Key Recovery

- Technical Support for Emergency Access Working Group by Testing Key Recovery Pilots

- Secretariat and Liaison for Commercial Data Recovery Technical Advisory Committee; and Participation as Gov't Technical Representative

- Establish Key Recovery Root CA

- Develop Pilot Email Key Recovery System

Public Key Infrastructure

- Tests and Assertions for Minimum Interoperability Specification for PKI Components (MISPC)
- Develop MISPC Reference Implementation
- Implementation of a root CA Testbed for government pilots
- Develop Security Requirements for CA components

Internetworking Security

- IPv6 Reference Implementation and Test Bed
- Role Based Access Control
- Federal Government Computer Incident Response Center (FedCIRC)

Security Management and Support

- National Information System Security Conference

- Computer System Security and Privacy Advisory Board

- Federal Computer Security Program Managers Forum

- Agency Assistance & Collaboration

Criteria and Assurance

- Specification-Based Testing & Evaluation (T/E)
- Common Criteria (CC)
- Common Criteria Testing Program (CCTP)
- National Information Assurance Partnership (NIAP)

Advanced Network Technology

- IPsec
- IP testbed
- Mobile agents
- Virtual Private Networks
- "Adaptive" Networks

High Assurance Development Tools

- Current Work
  - Role Based Access Control (RBAC)]
  - Software Analysis Tools (Slicer, etc.)
- Planned/Potential Work
  - Advanced Analysis Tools, Toolkit
  - Automated Testing
  - Error/Failure Database
  - Formal Methods

For Additional Information

- NIST Computer Security Resource Center
  - http://csrc.nist.gov
- President's Commission on Critical Infrastructure Protection
  - http://www.pccip.gov
- Internet Engineering Task Force
  - http://www.ietf.org